

MEETING

PENSION FUND COMMITTEE

DATE AND TIME

WEDNESDAY 13TH JUNE, 2012

AT 7.00 PM

<u>VENUE</u>

HENDON TOWN HALL, THE BURROUGHS, NW4 4BG

Dear Councillors,

Please find enclosed additional papers relating to the following items for the above mentioned meeting which were not available at the time of collation of the agenda.

Item No	Title of Report	Pages
11.	LONDON BOROUGH OF BARNET PENSION FUND ANNUAL REPORT	1 - 44

Maria Lugangira 020 8359 2761 maria.lugangira@barnet.gov.uk This page is intentionally left blank

Putting the Community First



Meeting	Pension Fund Committee		
Date	13 June 2012		
Subject	London Borough of Barnet Pension Fund Annual Report		
Report of	Deputy Chief Executive		
Summary	This report asks the committee to approve the draft Annual Report and adopt the associated accounting policies for the Barnet Pension Fund.		
Officer Contributors	John Hooton, Assistant Director of Strategic Finance Iain Millar, Head of Treasury		
Status (public or exempt)	Public		
Wards affected	None		
Enclosures	Appendix A – Barnet Pension Fund Annual Report (to follow)		
For decision by	Pension Fund Committee		
Function of	Council		
Reason for urgency / exemption from call-in (if appropriate)	Not applicable		

Contact for further information: Iain Millar – Head of Treasury Tel: 0208 359 7126





1. **RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 1.1 That the draft Annual Report for the Barnet Pension Fund for the financial year ended 31 March 2012 be approved.
- **1.2** That the Statement of Accounting Policies included in the accounts be adopted.
- 1.3 That the Deputy Chief Executive, in consultation with the Chairman of the Pension Fund committee, be authorised to agree significant changes, if any, to the draft Annual Report following discussions with auditors, and inform members of the Committee accordingly.

2. RELEVANT PREVIOUS DECISIONS

2.1 None.

3. CORPORATE PRIORITIES AND POLICY CONSIDERATIONS

3.1 To ensure that the Pension Fund is being invested prudently and to the best advantage in order to achieve the required funding level. Effective monitoring of the Pension Fund will provide support towards the Council's corporate priorities in providing better services, with less money.

4. RISK MANAGEMENT ISSUES

4.1 The value of the Pension Fund assets at any point in time is determined by the market and a large movement in the markets could have a significant impact on the surplus or deficit of the fund.

5. EQUALITIES AND DIVERSITY ISSUES

5.1 Ensuring the long term financial health of the Pension Fund will benefit everyone who contributes to the fund.

6. USE OF RESOURCES IMPLICATIONS

6.1 The draft Annual Report includes the draft Statement of Accounts of the Pension Fund as at 31 March 2012.

7. LEGAL ISSUES

- 7.1 This report is based on the provisions of the Local Government Pension Scheme (Amendment) (No.3) Regulations 2007, which itself has its basis in the Superannuation Act 1972.
- 7.2 As a local authority, the Council's employees have the right to be members of the Local Government Pension Scheme and, therefore, the Council is statutorily required to make employer contributions.

8. CONSTITUTIONAL POWERS

8.1 Constitution – Part 3 Responsibility for Functions – Section 2 – Responsibility for Council Functions delegated to the Pension Fund Committee through the Pension Fund Governance Compliance Statement.

9 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

9.1 History

9.1.1 The Superannuation Act 1972 makes provision for local authorities to operate pension funds for their employees and employees of other employers who have either a statutory right or an admission agreement to participate in the funds. The London Borough of Barnet Pension Fund (The Fund) is set up under the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 1997 (as amended). It provides for retirement pensions, grants on age or ill-health retirement, short service grants, death grants, injury allowances and widows' pensions.

9.2 Annual Report

- 9.2.1 The draft Annual Report is attached at Appendix A and has been prepared in line with the requirements of the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2011/12 governing the preparation of the 2011/12 financial statements for Local Government Pension scheme funds.
- 9.2.2 The external audit of the Pension Fund accounts will commence in June 2012 and it is proposed that the Deputy Chief Executive in consultation with the Chairman of this committee agree any significant changes following discussion with the auditors.

10. LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS

10.1 None.

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The London Borough of Barnet Pension Fund

Draft Annual Report

For the year ended 31 March 2012

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1. Trustee's Report

1.1 History of the Local Government Pension Scheme

In the public sector, the individual legal provisions covering many pension schemes were brought together under one Act of Parliament (The Superannuation Act 1972). This Act provides the framework that covers the Local Superannuation Act (1972). The regulations appoint major authorities, such as the London Borough of Barnet, to the role of "administering authorities" to manage the Scheme at a local level.

A major re-drafting exercise took place in 1997, which effectively produced two separate sets of regulations, one dealing with the administration aspects and the other with the investment issues covering pension funds. The regulations that govern how the scheme is now run are covered by The Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 1997.

The regulations governing the Fund are The Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 1998.

The Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) is a statutory pension scheme. As such, it is secure because its benefits are set by law and paid out of a fund which is managed professionally. Under the LGPS we have to run a pension fund for employees of the local authority and other eligible organisations. However, as the benefits are guaranteed by law, and the employees' contribution is fixed, the employers' contribution rate is determined by the funding level of the pension fund. If the fund has a deficit then the employer is required to make larger contributions and this can have adverse effects on the overall Council budget.

Employees and employers pay into the Fund to meet the cost of paying pensions at a later date. The Fund builds up assets at the same time as paying out pensions. Based on the assumptions of the actuary, there should be enough assets in the Fund to pay, on the day the employee retires, all potential future costs.

Since the LGPS was introduced in 1972, pensions have changed considerably. People now live longer, and this has put increasing strain on pension funds for the future. Public-Sector pension funds face similar demands to the private sector. To respond to these changes, the Government introduced a new look LGPS that took effect from 1st April 2008.

The main changes to the scheme were an improvement in the accrual rate (for future service) from 1/80th of salary for pension and 3/80th of lump sum to 1/60th for pension and a new tiered contribution rate for employees. The normal retirement age in the LGPS is 65 for everyone, but there are protections for staff who would have qualified for unreduced benefits at age 60 if they will be 60 by 31st March 2020. There were also improvements to death grant lump sums and the introduction of survivor's pensions for nominated partners. Ill-health retirement will also change with 3 different benefits tiers depending on the likelihood of the member gaining meaningful employment in the future.

In 2010, the Government commissioned a Public Sector Pensions Review chaired by Lord Hutton of Furness who was asked to produce an interim report by October 2010 on how to make short-term savings to public sector pension schemes and a final report before the March 2011 budget. The Government accepted Lord Hutton's interim report recommendations to increase employee contributions and proposed saving £2.8 billion per year by 2014-15 by increasing employee contributions across the major public sector pension schemes with an undertaking to afford some protection to the low paid. Lord Hutton's final report was published in March 2011.

The Government accepted the long term recommendations; to move from a final salary scheme to a career average pension scheme for future service, protecting accrued rights on the final salary scheme and ensuring normal retirement age is in line with the state pension age. Individual consultations have taken place on the design of each public sector scheme with a view to implement reforms by September 2014.

1.2 Administration of the London Borough of Barnet Pension Fund

The Council is the administering authority for the pension fund. The Pension Fund Committee is responsible for discharging the Council's leadership and strategic management responsibilities regarding the Pension Fund. The Pension Fund Committee is responsible for:

- Setting the investment policy for the Scheme;
- Appointing Investment Managers, advisors and custodians
- Reviewing the performance of the Investment Managers and the Investments held in the scheme, and
- Approving the statement of investment principles, funding strategy statement, governance compliance statement, communication policy statement and the pension administration statement. These documents are reviewed at least triennially or more frequently if required.

1.3 Management Structure

Administrating Authority

London Borough of Barnet

Pension Fund Committee Members

Chairman:	Anthony Finn BSc(Econ), FCA
Vice-Chairman	Mark Shooter
Members:	Jack Cohen
	Geoffrey Johnson
	Susette Palmer MA
	Jim Tierney
Substitutes:	Geoff Cooke
	Androw Herner

Andrew Harper Monroe Palmer OBE, BA, FCA Ansuya Sodha Rowan Turner

Officers

Andrew Travers, Deputy Chief Executive John Hooton, Assistant Director of Strategic Finance Iain Millar, Head of Treasury

Observers

John Burgess, Unison David Woodcock, Middlesex University

Actuary

Barnett Waddingham

Investment Advisors

JLT Benefit Solutions (formally HSBC Actuaries and Consultants)

Auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Performance Monitoring

JLT Benefit Solutions (formally HSBC Actuaries and Consultants WM Company

Custodians

JP Morgan The Bank of New York

Pensions Administration Manager

Hansha Patel

2. Investment Policy

The Council, through the Pension Fund Committee, is responsible for the investment of the fund's assets and agreeing the investment policy within the regulations covering local authority pension schemes. The responsibility for the day to day management of the fund's assets is delegated to investment managers who are regulated by the Financial Services Authority.

The investment managers manage the assets of the fund by buying and selling investments in order to achieve their specific objectives agreed with the Pension Fund Committee. In choosing investments, the investment managers must have regard to the overall suitability of investments to the fund according to principles laid out in the terms and conditions of their contract. This section provides a summary of the current arrangements for investment of Barnet's pension fund.

The Fund

On 4 February 2010, the Pension Fund Committee agreed a new investment strategy of 70% diversified growth portfolio and 30% bonds using the two incumbent managers Schroders Investment Management and Newton. The strategy aims to reduce the level of risk whilst maintaining the same level of return. The new strategy was fully implemented in December 2010.

(2. Investment Policy continued)

Benchmark

The prime performance objective of the Fund is to achieve the return required to fund the Scheme's liabilities over the medium to long term, as assumed in the ongoing actuarial valuation. The performance targets for each investment manager are detailed below. Overall, the returns achieved by the assets are expected to exceed the return required to fund the Fund's liabilities over the medium to long term, as assumed in the ongoing actuarial valuation. Performance against this benchmark is measured, from an investment perspective, on a quarterly basis by the Investment Adviser to the Fund.

Manager	Fund	Monitoring Benchmark	Target
Newton Investment Management Limited (Newton)	Real Return	1 month LIBOR plus 4% p.a.	To achieve significant real rate of return in sterling terms predominantly from a portfolio of UK and international securities and to outperform the benchmark over rolling 5 years
Newton	Corporate Bond	Merrill Lynch Non Gilt Over 10 years Investment Grade Index	To outperform the benchmark by 1% p.a. over rolling 5 years
Schroder Investment Management Limited (Schroder)	Diversified Growth	Retail Price Index plus 5% p.a.	To outperform the benchmark over a market cycle (typically 5 years)
Schroder	All Maturities Corporate Bond	Merrill Lynch Sterling Non- gilts All Stocks Index	To outperform the benchmark by 0.75% p.a. (gross of fees) over rolling 3 years
Legal and General Investment Management (L&G)	World (ex UK) Equity Index Fund	FTSE AW World (ex UK) Index	Track within +/- 0.5% p.a. the index for 2 years in every 3

Legal and General	Active	iBoxx	Outperform by 0.75% p.a.
	Corporate	Sterling Non-	(before fees) over rolling 3 years
	Bond – All	Gilts All	
	Stocks	Stocks Index	
Property Unit	Various	UK IPD	Outperform the Index
Trusts		Property	
		Index	

Property

The fund does not own property directly but invested in managed property unit funds. The pension fund's unit trust portfolio was managed in-house by the Council's officers with investment advice in the selection of these holdings provided by the fund's independent advisor. The property unit trust portfolio represented 3.5% of the total market value of the fund. During 2011-12 the property unit trusts were sold and the proceeds re-invested in the diversified growth and bond funds held with Schroders and Newton.

Investment Ranges

There are statutory restrictions and parameters for investments as per the Local Government Pensions (Management and Investment of Funds) 1998 and subsequent amendments. The restrictions are detailed in part 11 (Schedule 1) of the LGPS (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2009. Regulation 14(2) imposes limits on the proportion of fund money which may be invested in a particular type of investment. Regulation 14(3) states that limits may be increased, to the up to the percentages specified in Column 2 of the table in Schedule 1 provided the requirements under regulation 15 have been satisfied.

The Authority, having satisfied the requirement of regulation 15, has increased the limits to the maximum allowed under Regulations 14(3) for investments listed at 9, 10, 11, and 12. The investment limits adopted by the London Borough of Barnet Pension Fund are detailed below.

Investment	Limits Adopted
1. Any single sub-underwriting contract	1%
2. All contributions to any single	2%
partnership	
3. All contributions to partnerships	5%
4. The sum of all loans and any deposits with –	10%
 Any local authority, or Any body with power to issue a precept or requisition to a local authority can be required to contribute, or to the expenses of which a local authority can be required to contribute, which is an exempt person (within the meaning of the 2000 Act) in 	

respect of accepting deposits as a result of an order made under	.
section 38(1) of that Act	
5. All investments in unlisted securities of	10%
companies	
6. Any single holding (but not if the	10%
investment is made by an investment	
manager, or the single holding is in unit	
or other shares of the investments	
subject to the trusts of any one unit trust	
scheme)	
7. All deposits with any single bank,	10%
institution or person (other than the	
National Savings Bank)	4.504
8. All sub-underwriting contracts	15%
9. All investments in units or shares of	35%
the investments subject to the trusts of	
unit trust scheme managed by any one	
body (but see paragraph 3 below)	25%
10. All investment in open-ended	35%
investment companies where the collective investment schemes	
constituted by the companies are	
managed by one body.	
11. All investments in unit or other shares	35%
of investments subject to the trusts of	5578
unit trust schemes and all investments in	
open-ended investment companies	
where the unit trust schemes constituted	
by those companies are managed by any	
one body (but see paragraph 3 below)	
12. Any single insurance contract	35%
13. All securities transferred (or agreed	25%
to be transferred) by the authority under	
stock lending arrangements.	
	·

Independent Advisor

The Director of Finance and Council Officers received investment advice from the independent advisor to the fund. The role of the advisor is to attend the quarterly and annual meetings of the Committee and to provide advice on the following:

- 1. Investment Strategy
- 2. Strategic asset allocation
- 3. Development of investment policy and practices
- 4. The property unit trust portfolio
- 5. Corporate governance issues, including socially responsible investment and the Council's statement of investment principals
- 6. Pension fund related legislation
- 7. Investment management performance monitoring
- 8. Assistance in the selection of Investment Managers, custodians and actuaries
- 9. Review and advise on alternative benchmarks and setting of performance targets
- 10. Other ad-hoc advice.

Actuary

The actuary to the fund is Barnett Waddingham; the actuary's role is to place a value on the fund's accumulated pension promises. A formal valuation of the fund is required legally every three years; the most recent valuation of the fund took place as at the 31st of March 2010. The next valuation is due on 31 March 2013.

Custodian

Custodians are usually banks or other regulated institutions who offer not only custody of documents (safeguarding and administering of investments) but also a range of services such as income collection, tax recovery, cash management, securities settlement, foreign exchange and stock lending. JP Morgan acts as the custodian for the assets managed by Schroders Investment Managers and the Bank of New York act as an internal custodian for assets managed by Newton Investment Managers.

Voting

The fund managers are instructed to proxy vote on behalf of the fund in accordance with the fund's corporate governance and proxy voting policy. Details of this policy can be found by using the link below.

http://www.barnet.gov.uk/pensions/pension-fund-investments/pensions-investment-corporate-governance.htm

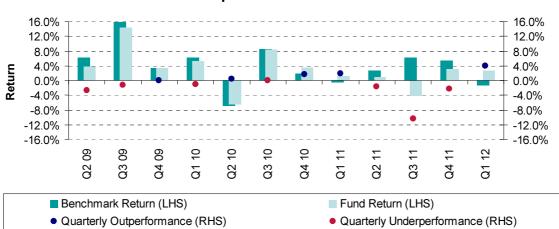
3 Management and Financial Performance of the fund for the Year 2011-2012

3.1 Fund Performance

Until December 2010, the fund subscribed to an independent investment performance measurement service in order to assess the rate of return achieved by the fund managers and their relative performance against other Local Authority Pension Funds which operate under the same regulations. This service is provided by WM Company Limited.

Following implementation of the new investment strategy in December 2010, the total scheme return is measured against the liability benchmark return, and includes the internal property fund. The Growth portfolio return is the combined Newton and Schroder Diversified Growth Fund (DGF) portfolios and is measured against a notional 60/40 global equity benchmark and the underlying benchmarks of each for comparison purposes. The bond portfolio is the combined Newton and Schroder corporate bond portfolios and is benchmarked against the Over 15 Year Gilts Index and Index Linked (Over 5 years) Index.

The chart below shows the fund's historical returns against the WM Universe and the new portfolio against the liability benchmark effective from 1 January 2011.

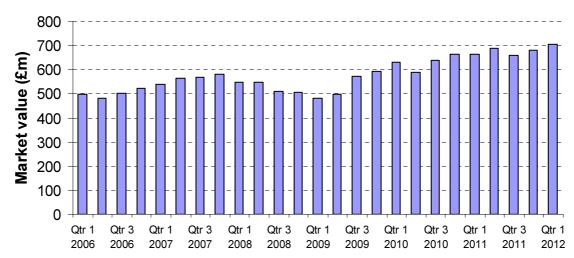


Total Scheme – performance relative to benchmark

3.2 Market Value of the Fund

The following chart shows the movement in the market value of the fund from 1 January 2006 to 31 March 2012.

Market Value of Fund



Market value of Pension Fund

3.3 Investment Report

With regard to investment performance, the Pension Fund Committee recognises that a superior and stable investment return adds towards keeping the contribution rate as low as possible.

The Council seeks to achieve its investment objectives through investing in a suitable mix of real (e.g. equities) and fixed interest assets (e.g. bonds and cash). The returns from growth assets are likely to be volatile; however, over the long term, this volatility is compensated by higher returns than those available from fixed interest assets. The profile of the Pension Fund allows the Council to take a long-term approach with respect to its investments.

The Council believes that its recently revised investment strategy will provide the most efficient diversification of assets with no loss in expected return. The Fund's revised investment strategy utilises 'diversified growth' investments that aim to provide equity-like return with reduced volatility. These growth investments are complemented by an allocation to corporate bonds, in order to provide interest rate sensitivity between the Fund's assets and liabilities. This allocation will protect the Fund from sharp movements in its liabilities due to interest rate changes.

The revised asset allocation was the result of the ongoing consultation the Fund has with its investment advisors. After a review of the available diversified growth market the Fund has retained the services of its two investment managers, Schroder Investment Management and Newton Investment Management, for the efficient implementation of the revised asset allocation. It has also retained pooled funds with Legal and General.

Over the 12 months to 31 March 2012, the total Scheme return (ex property) was 2.4% versus the liability benchmark return of 14.0%. The Fund ranks 56th percentile when compared to the WM Local Authority Universe for I year performance.

4. Governance Compliance Statement

The Governance compliance statement for the Barnet Pension Fund can be found on the Barnet website at: <u>http://www.barnet.gov.uk/council-constitution</u>

5. Funding Strategy Statement

The funding strategy statement for the Barnet fund can be found on the Barnet website at <u>http://committeepapers.barnet.gov.uk/democracy/reports</u>

6. Statement of Investment Principles

The authority is required by law to prepare and publish a Statement of Investment Principles (SIP). This Statement, updated in June 2011, sets out the Fund's policy on a range of matters relating to the investment and management of the Pension Fund. The Statement is published on the Borough's website at <u>www.barnetpensions.org</u>

7. Communication Policy Statement

An effective communications strategy is vital for the Pensions Office in its aims to provide a high quality and consistent service to its customers.

This document sets out a policy framework within which the Pensions Office will communicate with:-

- Fund members and their representatives
- Prospective Fund members and their representatives
- Fund employers

Set out in this statement are the mechanisms which are used to meet those communication needs.

It identified the format, frequency and method of distributing of distributing information and publicity.

The Pensions Office aims to use the most appropriate communication medium for the audiences receiving the information. This may involve using more than one method of communication.

- **Pensions Office** for day-to-day contact and visits between the hours of 9am and 5pm. The Pension Office operates an open door policy for visitors such that prebooked appointments are not required.
- **Correspondence** the Fund utilises both surface mail and e-mail to receive and send correspondence.
- **Telephone** The Pensions Office operates a telephone help line for Scheme members and is widely published in Scheme literature.
- Website The Pensions Office has established an extensive website <u>www.barnet.gov.uk/pensions</u> containing Scheme details, Scheme literature etc. There are also links to other organisations relevant to Scheme members, e.g. employers, AVC providers, employers' organisations etc.
- **Member Self-Service** the Pensions Office's website also allows Scheme members to log onto their own pensions record and automatically inform the Pensions Office electronically of any changes.
- Scheme Booklet A Scheme booklet, including forms, is produced by the Pensions Office and is supplied to scheme members and scheme employers directly. Copies of the Scheme booklet can also be viewed and downloaded on the Pensions Office website <u>www.barnet.gov.uk/pensions</u>
- **Annual Benefits** An Annual Benefits Statement is sent direct to the home addresses of all members who were contributing to the Fund during the financial year being reported.

Benefit Statements are sent direct to the home address of deferred members where a current address is known.

• **Payslips** The Pensions Office continues to issue monthly payslips to pensioners. This is utilised as a communication mechanism, since messages can be included.

Pensions increase information is communicated using this medium on an annual basis.

- **Pensions Roadshows** The Pensions Office also stages ad hoc Roadshows for Fund members particularly where there are changes to the Fund organisational changes which have pension implications.
- Existence Validation Pensioners Living Abroad The Pensions Office undertakes an annual exercise conducted through correspondence in order to establish the continued existence of pensioners living abroad.
- All Employer Meetings Periodical meetings are arranged for employers. Specifically this has been used as a mechanism for communicating major strategic issues, significant legislation and triennial valuation matters.

Comments

We welcome and value your comments on the standards of service we provide. If you have any comments please contact us.

Pensions Office Building 4 North London Business Park Oakleigh Road South London N11 1NP

Telephone:020 8359 7886Fax:0870 889 6817

Email: <u>pensions@barent.gov.uk</u>

Website: www.barnet.gov.uk/pensions

On behalf of the Pension Fund Committee

Councillor Anthony Finn BSc(Econ), FCA Chairman of the Pension Fund Committee

Pension Fund Account

Contributions and Benefits	Note	201	1/12	2010/11		2009/10	
		£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Contributions Receivable Transfers in Other income	3 4	47,421 5,294 2,639 55,353		50,195 4,249 10 54,454	-	48,676 4,660 7 53,343	-
Benefits Payable Account Payments to and on behalf of Leavers	5 6	(38,280) (4,810)		(37,228) (5,452)		(35,696) (6,431)	
Administrative Expenses	7	(1,106) (44,196)		(3,432) (46,112)	-	(1,030) (43,157)	-
Net additions from dealings with members					•		-
			11,156		8,342		10,186
Return on investments							
Investment income Change in market value of investments	8 9	1,273 17,717		8,743 39,652		14,799 126,404	
Investments Investment management expenses	10	(1,660)		(2,945)		(2,127)	
Net returns on investments		17,330		45,450	-	139,076	-
Net increase in the fund during the year							
			28,487		53,792	:	149,262
Net assets of the scheme			005 400		004 404		400 400
At 1 April At 31 March			685,193 713,680		631,401 685,193	-	482,139 631,401
Net Assets Statement							
	Note	201 £000	0/11 £000	201 £000	0/11 £000	200 £000	9/10 £000
Investment assets Current assets Current liabilities	9 11 12	703,630 12,766 (2,716)	713,680	662,278 27,967 (5,052)	685,193	627,342 5,177 (1,118)	631,401

NOTES TO THE DRAFT PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS 2011-2012 1. Introduction

The Pension Fund is a funded, defined benefit occupational pension scheme set up under the Superannuation Act 1972 and is administered by the London Borough of Barnet. The scheme provides pensions and other benefits to former Authority employees (except teachers, who have a separate scheme) and to the following admitted and scheduled bodies:

Admitted Bodies

Birkin Services Fremantle Trust Go Plant Hire Housing 21 Viridian Housing Y-Gen Amonet Ltd Mears Group NSL Ltd RR Donnelley

Friends Moat Mount Greenwich Leisure Open Learning Partnership Turners Cleaning Allied Healthcare Goldsborough Homecare

Admitted Bodies (employers with deferred members and pensioners but no active members)

Barnet MÉNCAP Barnet Voluntary Service Council Enterprise Cleaning KGB

Scheduled Bodies

LB Barnet Barnet Homes Your Choice Barnet

Ashmole Academy	Barnet & Southgate College
Bishop Douglas	Christ College (Academy)
Compton Academy	Dollis Junior
East Barnet Academy	ETZ Chaim Jewish Primary
Finchley Catholic	Hasmonean High (Academy)
Hendon School (Academy) Independent Jewish Day School (Academy)	Henrietta Barnet School (Academy)
Menorah Foundation	Middlesex University
Mill Hill GM High (Academy)	Osidge School
Queen Elizabeth Boys (Academy)	Queen Elizabeth Girls (Academy)
St James RC School	St Mary's CE High
St Michael's Grammar Whitefield Trust School (Academy) Wren Academy	The Totteridge Academy Woodhouse College

The Fund is financed by member and employer contributions, interest, dividends and realised profits from investments. The Fund provides retirement grants, death grants, member pensions and widows' pensions. The funding policy aims to ensure that the assets held by the scheme in the future are adequate to meet accrued liabilities allowing for future increases in pay and pensions.

Connaught Partnership, previously an Admitted Body, went into administration with effect from 31/08/2010. A pension fund deficit of £1,492,000 has been calculated by the fund actuaries. The Council's legal team are currently liaising with Connaught's Administrators (KPMG) for the recovery of these monies. KPMG have confirmed the pension deficit is classed as unsecured, non-preferential debt.

Contributions made by employees are tiered, related to salary and they range from 5.5% to 7.5%. These rates are applicable to all employees including manual workers.

The number of employees contributing to the fund decreased during the year from 7005 at 31 March 2011 to 6793 at 31 March 2012. During the same period the number of pensioners increased from 6,329 to 6,583 and the number of deferred pensioners increased from 6,571 to 6,739. A government scheme supplies teachers' pensions; they are not provided for under these arrangements.

2. Accounting Policies

Accounting Standards

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting issued by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) and follow the guidelines set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice, Financial Reports of Pension Schemes supported by International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Transition to International Financial Reporting Standards

The Pension Fund Accounts for 2011/12 are prepared on an IFRS basis. As a result of the adoption of the IFRS Code, there are no material differences between the amounts presented in the 2009/10 statements and the equivalent amounts presented in 2010/11.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are prepared on an accruals basis except in the case of transfer values, which are debited or credited in the year of payment or receipt in accordance with recommended practice. Investment income is taken into account where dividends are declared but not paid at the financial year end.

The financial statements summarise the transactions of the scheme and the net assets of the fund. The financial statements do not take account of liabilities to pay pension and other benefits after the financial year end. The actuarial position of the scheme, which does take account of such obligations, is dealt with in note 15 and these financial statements should be read in conjunction with them.

Investments

Investments are shown in the Net Asset Statement at Market Value. Market Value has been determined as:

- a) Listed securities and securities on the Unlisted Securities Market (USM) are determined by Stock Exchange current bid prices at 31 March 2012.
- b) Unit trust investments are stated at the latest prices quoted by their respective managers as at 31 March 2012.
- c) Transactions in foreign currencies are taken into account at the ruling rate of exchange at the time of the transaction and in the financial statements at the rates prevailing on 31 March 2012.
- d) Withholding tax reclaims received for accumulation funds and all changes in value, including reinvested income and growth in the value of the underlying securities are aggregated and shown as changes in market value of the investments in the Fund Account.

Sale and Purchase of Investments

The purchase and sale of investments is delegated to the fund managers and all settlements are accrued on the day of trading (the costs of acquiring investments are included in the value of the assets). The main fund managers are: Schroder Investment Management, Newton with the remaining funds (7%) held with Legal and General.

Investment Management are required to produce a return on investment within benchmarks set by the Authority. These restrictions and the fund managers analysis of the assets and issuing bodies, dictates the timing of sales and purchases of investments. Approximately

During the year all property units trusts were sold and the £23.9 million realised was reinvested equally with the Schroder Investment Management and Newton.

Administration Expenses

Administration expenses are calculated as a percentage of the London Borough of Barnet's expenses plus the direct costs of the Pensions section within the Human Resources Department.

<u>Benefits</u>

Benefits are provided in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Pension Scheme. Benefits are accounted for in the period in which they fall due. Full details of all benefits payable are available on the Borough's internet at <u>www.barnet.gov.uk/pensions</u>

Cash Balances and Interest on Cash

A cash balance of £5.2 million (nil in 10/11) was held by the Authority at 31 March 2012. Interest on cash held by the Borough on behalf of the Pension Fund was calculated on a rate equivalent to the Borough's average rate of return until March 2011 when the cash was completely separated from the London Borough of Barnet. Amounts exceeding £500 are invested in a call account yielding 0.56% as at 31 March 2012.

Taxation

The Fund is an exempt approved fund and therefore not liable for UK income tax or capital gains tax. As the London Borough of Barnet is the administrating authority of the fund, VAT input tax is recoverable on all fund activities.

Taxation agreements exist between Britain and a number of countries whereby all or a proportion of the tax deducted locally from investment income may be reclaimed. The proportion reclaimable varies from country to country. Non-recoverable deductions are classified as withholding tax.

3. Contributions Receivable

	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10
Employers	£000	£000	£000
LB Barnet	23,343	25,373	24,988
Scheduled bodies	11,318	11,204	10,321
Admitted bodies	2,816	3,026	2,907
Members			
LB Barnet	6,321	6,929	6,929
Scheduled bodies	2,892	2,883	2,732
Admitted bodies	731	780	799
	47,421	50,195	48,676

4. Transfers In

	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10
	£000	£000	£000
Individual transfers in from other			
schemes	5,294	4,249	4,660

5. Benefits Payable

	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10
	£000	£000	£000
Pensions	30,391	28,224	27,234
Commutations and lump sum payments	1,160	8,296	7,939
Lump sum death benefits	6,729	708	523
	38,280	37,228	35,696

6. Payments to and on Account of Leavers

	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10
	£000	£000	£000
Refunds to members leaving service	6	6	5
Group transfers to other schemes	1	-	-
Individual transfers to other schemes	4,803	5,446	6,426
	4,810	5,452	6.431

3,432

2009/10 £000

> 979 14 37

1<u>,</u>030

7. Administrative Expenses		
	2011/12	2010/11
	£000	£000
Administration and processing	960	3,331
Actuarial fees	109	60
Audit fees	36	41

All other costs of administration are borne by the London Borough of Barnet.

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1,106

8. Investment Income

Legal and other professional fees

	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10
	£000	£000	£000
Income from fixed interest securities	788	964	2,576
Dividends from equities		6,557	10,280
Income from index linked securities		208	375
Income from pooled investments		100	142
Income from property unit trusts	00	1,246 248	1,295 448
Interest on cash deposits Other income	86 399	102	489
Irrecoverable withholding tax	1,273	9,425	15,605
	0	(682)	(806)
Total investment income	1,273	8,743	14,799

9. Investments

2011/12

Fixed interest securities Equities Index-linked securities Pooled investment	Value at 1 April 2011 £000	Purchases at Cost £000	Sales Proceeds £000	Change in Market Value £000	Value at 31 March 2012 £000 - - -
vehicles	638,391	57,102	(9,350)	16,266	702,409
Properties	23,160	0	(23,972)	812	0
Cash Deposits	661,551 727	57,102	(33,322)	17,078	702,409 1,221

662,278

During the year £48 million cash in contributions, dividend income and the proceeds of the sale of property unit trusts were transferred to the fund managers, Schroder Investment Management and Newton. The change in market value of investments during the year comprises all increases and decreases in the market value of investments held at any time during the year, including profits and losses realised on sales of investments during the year. Any income attributed to the unitised funds are reinvested and accounted for as a change in market value as apposed to income. Thus the investment income for 2011/12 has dropped significantly and 2010/11 is lower than the 2009/10 financial year.

703,630

2010/11

2010/11					Value at 31
-	Value at 1 April 2010 £000	Purchases at Cost £000	Sales Proceeds £000	Change in Market Value £000	March 2011 £000
Fixed interest securities	39,875	115,637	(157,989)	2,477	-
Equities	336,525	121,399	(469,209)	11,284	-
Index-linked securities Pooled investment	23,808	10,953	(35,852)	1,091	-
vehicles	133,053	565,339	(83,905)	23,904	638,391
Properties	22,264	-	-	896	23,160
	555,525	813,328	(746,955)	39,652	661,551
Cash Deposits	71,817				727
	627,342				662,278

In November and December 2010 Newton and Schroders undertook a transition from their balanced segregated portfolios to unitised diversified growth and bond portfolios. Any income attributed to the unitised funds are reinvested and accounted for as a change in market value as apposed to income.

2009/10

					Value at 31
	Value at 01 April 2009 £000	Purchases at Cost £000	Sales Proceeds £000	Change in Market Value £000	March 2010 £000
Fixed interest					
securities	81,292	41,272	(73,296)	(9,393)	39,875
Equities Index-linked	227,854	116,263	(104,440)	96,848	336,525
securities Pooled investment	24,216	8,843	(10,996)	1,745	23,808
vehicles	72,758	29,173	(5,324)	36,446	133,053
Properties	21,506			758	22,264
	427,626	195,551	(194,056)	126,404	555,525
Cash Deposits	52,963				71,817
	480,589			<u> </u>	627,342

9. Investments (continued)

Transaction costs are included in the cost of purchases and sale proceeds. Transaction costs include costs charged directly to the scheme such as fees, commissions, stamp duty and other fees. There are also transaction costs incurred on behalf of the unitised funds, but these are reflected in the unit cost. In addition to the transaction costs disclosed above, indirect costs are incurred through the bid-offer spread on investments within pooled investment vehicles. The amount of indirect costs is not separately provided to the scheme.

The market value of investments held under management by the Fund's investment managers at year end including cash deposits totalled £703,630,000. This was split as follows:

Schroder Investment	£000			%
Management		321,51	6	45.7
Newton Investment				
Management		332,71	5	47.3
Legal & General		49,39	99	7.0
Total		703,63	30	100.0
	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10	-
	£000	£000	£000)
Fixed interest securities			~~~~	_
UK – Government		-	28,24	
UK - Corporate Bonds	-	-	3,829	
Overseas Corporate		-	4,130	
Overseas Government	-	-	3,67	
	-	-	39,87	2
Equities			100 100	- -
UK quoted Overseas quoted	-	-	188,408	
Overseas quoted	-	-	148,117	
Index-linked securities	-	-	336,52	<u> </u>
UK public sector quoted			20,523	2
Overseas public sector quoted		-	3,28	
Overseas public sector quoted		_	23,808	
Pooled investment Vehicles			20,000	<u> </u>
UK Managed funds	653,010	593,755	35,88 ⁻	1
UK Unit Trusts	49,399	44,636	97,172	
	702,409	638,391	133,053	3
Property UK property unit trusts	0	23,160	22,264	4
Cash Deposits				
Sterling	1,221	727	71,817	7

9. Investments (continued)

Pooled Investment Vehicles

Both Schroders and Newton run their portfolios on a unitised or pooled basis, the underlying economic exposure to asset classes for each manager are detailed below:

Newton's Portfolio

	Long Corporate Bonds %	Global High Yield Bonds %	Long Gilt %	Newton's Real Return %
Equities				40.05
UK	-	0.14		13.05
North America	-	0.14		11.41 18.82
Europe Ex UK Japan	_			2.89
Pacific Ex Japan	-			2.44
Other	-			2.54
Fixed Interest UK Gilts UK Index Linked Gilts UK Corporate Bonds Overseas Government Bonds Overseas Corporate Bonds Overseas Index Linked Corporate Bonds	97.18	18.44 1.06 71.76	93.02 1.68 5.14	9.51 2.40 13.16 8.61 2.37
Other Assets Commodities Derivatives Other Assets Cash	2.82	8.60	0.16	3.93 -0.34 9.21
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

9. Investments (continued)

	Diversified Growth Fund	Schroder All Maturities Corporate Bond
	%	%
Equities		
Schroder QEP Global Dynamic Blend		
Portfolio	17.00	-
Schroder UK Alpha Plus Fund	5.00	-
Schroder European Alpha Plus Fund	3.00	-
Schroder ISF Asian Equity Yield	3.00	-
Schroder ISF US Small & Mid Cap	2.00	-
Schroder US Mid Cap Fund	2.00	-
Schroder Income Fund	1.00	-
Schroder Global Emerging Markets Fund	1.00	-
Passive Equities	10.00	-
Commodities		
UBS Bloomberg CMCI Composite	7.00	-
UBS Bloomberg CMCI Energy	4.00	-
ETF Gold	3.00	-
Schroder ISF Global Energy	3.00	-
		-
High Yield Debt		_
Schroder ISF Global High Yield	6.00	
Neuberger Berman High Yield Bond Fund		
•	6.00	-
T Rowe Price Global High Yield Bond Fund	3.00	-
Emerging Market Bonds		
Schroder ISF Emerging Market Debt Absolute Return	5.00	-
Mellon Emerging Market Debt Local		
Currency Fund	3.00	-
PIMCO Emerging Local Bond Fund	1.00	-
Property		
Passive Property	2.00	
Schroder ISF Asia Pacific Property	2.00	
Securities	1.00	
Absolute Return		
JPMorgan Highbridge Statistical Market	4.00	
Neutral Fund	1.00	-
Opus Multi-Strategy Fund Note	1.00	-
Opus Macro Fund Note	1.00	-
Infrastructure		
International Public Partnerships Limited	1.00	-
HSBC Infrastructure Company Limited	1.00	-

John Laing Infrastructure Limited	1.00	-
Other Assets		
Private Equity	1.00	-
Asset Backed Securities Portfolio	2.00	-
Cash	3.00	-
Corporate Bonds		
Sovereign	-	6.20
Securitised	-	11.50
Government Related	-	79.30
Corporate	-	3.00
Total	100.00	100.00

9. Investments (continued)

AVC Investments

The Authority holds assets invested separately from the main fund in the form of individual insurance policies securing additional benefits on a money purchase basis for those members electing to pay additional voluntary contributions (AVC). Members participating in this arrangement each receive an annual statement confirming the amounts held to their account and the movements in the year.

(The aggregate amounts of AVC investments are incomplete pending receipt of 2011 -12 reports from all the AVC providers)

	2011/12 £000	Contributions £000	Income £000	Expenditure £000	2010/11 £000
AVC Investments	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000
Norwich Union	719				719
Prudential					
With Profits	444				444
Deposit	359				359
Unit Linked	319				319
Total Prudential AVCs	1,122				1,122
	2010/11	Contributions	Income	Expenditure	2009/10
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
AVC Investments					

AVC Investments					
Norwich Union	719	23	-	(57)	753
Prudential With Profits Deposit Unit Linked	444 359 319	53 82 100	35 2	(121) (16) (2)	477 291 221
Total Prudential AVCs	1,122	235	37	(139)	989

	2009/10	Contributions	Income	Expenditure	2008/09
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
AVC Investments					
Norwich Union	753	41	26	(57)	743
Prudential					
With Profits	477	45	27	(54)	459
Deposit	291	36	1	-	254
Unit Linked	221	31	36	-	154
Total Prudential AVCs	989	112	64	(54)	867

The fund does not participate in stock lending arrangements.

10. Investment Management Expenses

	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10
	£000	£000	£000
Administration, management and custody	1,575	2,017	2,805
Performance Measurement Services	7	12	12
Other advisory fees	78	128	98
	1,660	2,945	2,127

11. Current Assets

	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10
	£000	£000	£000
Contributions due from employers in respect of			
Employer contributions	999	1,141	1,060
Member contributions	260	291	279
Accrued income		344	3,814
Overpayment of Benefits		-	4
Sundry Debtors	4,310	906	-
Cash Balances	7,197	25,285	20
	12,766	27,967	5,177

12. Current Liabilities

	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10
	£000	£000	£000
Unpaid Benefits	2,175	4,543	344
Unsettled Purchases	32	22	257
Accrued Expenses	509	487	517
	2,716	5,052	1,118

13. Statement of Investment Principles

The Authority is required by law to prepare and publish a Statement of Investment Principles (SIP). This Statement, approved in May 2000 and reviewed at least annually, sets out the Fund's policy on a range of matters relating to the investment and management of the Pension Fund. The Statement is published on the Borough's website at <u>www.barnetpensions.org</u>.

14. Related Party Transactions

Fund administration expenses payable to the administrating authority, the London Borough of Barnet are outlined below

	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10
	£000	£000	£000
Human Resources	417	462	581
Accountancy Administration	455	140	143
Payroll Support		398	232
	872	1,000	956

The costs of payroll support are included in the Human Resources Recharge.

15. Actuarial Valuation

Barnett Waddingham LLP undertook a formal actuarial valuation of the fund as at 31 March 2010, in accordance with The Local Government Superannuation Regulations 1986. The actuarial valuation calculates the contribution rate payable by Authority, as an employer, to meet the Administering Authority's funding objectives. The actuarial method used by the Actuary is known as the "projected unit credit method". The key feature of this method is that in assessing the future service cost, the Actuary calculates the contribution rate, which meets the cost of benefits accruing in the year after the valuation date. This is the same method

adopted at the previous valuation and is an appropriate method for a fund, which is open to new members.

The actuary adopted a market value approach whereby assets were valued initially on a market value basis and liability assumptions were derived from gilt yields. The assumptions, which have the most significant effect on the result so the valuation, are:

Assumption	Rate
Future pension increases	3.0%
Future pay increases	5.0%
Price inflation	3.5%
Equities/absolute refund funds	7.4%
Gilts	4.5%
Bonds & Property	5.6%
Risk adjusted discount rate	6.7%

The 2010 valuation actuarially assessed the value of the Fund's assets as £609.68 million, being sufficient to meet 76% of the Fund's liabilities.

The latest valuation as at 31st March 2012 as per the requirements of IAS26 is attached. The figures below relate to the FRS17 valuation as at 31st March 2010, and are given for comparison;

Assumption	Rate
Assumed retail price inflation (RPI)	3.9%
Assumed customer price inflation (CPI)	n/a
Salary increases	5.4%
Pension increases	3.9%
Discount rate	5.5%

The triennial valuation was reported to the London Borough of Barnet Pension Fund Committee on 21 December 2010 and is available to view at <u>www.barnet.gov.uk/pensions</u>.

16. Nature and Extent of Risks Arising from Financial Instruments

The Pension Fund maintains positions in a variety of financial instruments including bank deposits, equity instruments and fixed interest securities. This exposes it to a variety of financial risks including credit and counterparty risk, liquidity risk, market risk and exchange rate risk.

a) Overall procedures for managing risk

The principal powers to invest are contained in the Local Government Pension scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) regulations 2009 and require an Administering Authority to invest any pension fund money that is not needed immediately to make payments from the Pension Fund. These regulations require the Pension Fund to formulate a policy for the investment of its fund money.

The Administering Authority's overall risk management procedures focus on the unpredictability of the financial markets and implementing restrictions to minimise these risks.

The Pension Funds has prepared a Statement of Investment Principles which sets out the Pension Fund's policy on matters such as the type of investments to be held, balance between types of investments, investment restrictions and the way risk is managed. Investment performance by external Investment Managers is reported to the Pensions Committee quarterly. Performance of Pension Fund investments managed by external Investment Managers is compared to benchmark returns.

b) Credit and counterparty risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Pension Fund. The Pension Fund reviews its exposure to credit and counterparty risk through it's external Investment Managers by review of the Managers annual internal control reports to ensure that Managers exercise reasonable care and due diligence in its activities for the Pension Fund.

c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Pension Fund will not be able to meets its financial obligations when they fall due.

The main risk for the Pension Fund is not having the funds available to meet its commitments to make pension payments to its members. To manage this, the Pension fund has a comprehensive cashflow management system that seeks to ensure that the cash is available when needed. The Pension Fund also manages its liquidity risk by having access to money market funds and call accounts where funds are repayable without penalty and on notice of not more than 24 hours.

16. Nature and Extent of Risks Arising from Financial Instruments (continued)

d) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cashflows of a financial instrument can fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

The Pension fund is exposed to the risk of financial loss from a change in the value of its investments and the risk that the Pension Fund's assets fail to deliver returns in line with the anticipated returns underpinning the valuation of its liabilities over the long term. In order to manage the market value risk, the Pension Fund has set restrictions on the type of investments it can hold, subject to investment limits, in accordance with local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) regulations 2009. Details of these can be found in the Pension fund's Statement of Investment Principles.

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e) Exchange rate risk

The Pension Fund holds a number of financial assets and liabilities in overseas financial markets and is therefore exposed to the risk of loss from exchange rate movements of foreign currencies.

External Investment managers manage the risk through the use of forward foreign exchange contracts and futures, to hedge currency exposures back to the base currency.

London Borough of Barnet Pension Fund

IAS26 Disclosures as at 31 March 2012

Barnett Waddingham

Public Sector Consulting

18 May 2 12

1. Introduction

We have been instructed by London Borough of Barnet, the Administering Authority to the London Borough of Barnet Pension fund ("the Fund"), to provide pension disclosures in respect of pension benefits provided by the Local Government Pension Scheme ("the LGPS") to members of London Borough of Barnet Pension Fund ("the Fund") as at 31 March 2012.

This report is addressed to the Administering Authority and its advisers; in particular, this report is likely to be of relevance to the Fund's auditor.

These figures have been prepared in accordance with IAS26. In calculating the disclosed numbers we have adopted methods and assumptions that are consistent with IAS19.

This advice complies with all Generic Technical Actuarial Standards (TASs) and the Pensions TAS.

The LGPS is a defined benefit statutory scheme administered in accordance with the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2007/08, as amended. It is contracted out of the State Second Pension.

2. Valuation Data

Data Sources

In completing our calculations for IAS26 purposes we have used the following items of data, which we received from London Borough of Barnet:

- The results of the Triennial Actuarial Valuation as at 31 March 2010 which was carried out for funding purposes;
- Estimated whole fund income and expenditure items for the period to 31 March 2012;
- Estimated whole fund returns for the period to 31 March 2012 based on assets used for the purpose of the Triennial valuation as at 31 March 2011, actual fund returns for the period to 31 January 2012 and then market returns (estimated where necessary) for the period to 31 March 2012;
- Details of any new early retirements for the period to 31 March 2012 that have been paid out on an unreduced basis, which are not anticipated in the normal employer service cost.

Although some of these data items have been estimated, we do not believe that they are likely to have a material effect on the results of this report, especially in the context of the roll-forward approach we have taken (as described in the next section). Further, we are not aware of any material changes or events since we received the data.

Employer Membership Statistics

The table below summarises the membership data as at 31 March 2010.

Member Data Summary	Number	Salaries/Pensions £000's	Average Age
Actives	7,048	153,939	46
Deferred Pensioners	7,371	10,045	45
Pensioners	6,261	28,171	70

Assets

The return on the Fund (on a bid value to bid value basis) for the year to 31 March 2012 is estimated to be 5%. This is based on the estimated Fund value used at the previous accounting date and the estimated Fund value used at this accounting date. The actual return on Fund assets over the year may be different.

The estimated asset allocation for London Borough of Barnet Pension Fund as at 31 March 2012 is as follows:

Employer Asset Share - Bid Value	31 Marc	h 2012	31 March 2011	
	£000's	%	£000's	%
Equities	372,337	52%	376,043	56%
Gilts	71,603	10%	13,430	2%
Other Bonds	236,291	33%	221,597	33%
Property	-	-	26,860	4%
Cash	28,641	4%	33,575	5%
Alternative Assets	7,160	1%	-	-
Total	716,032	100%	671,505	100%

The final asset allocation of the Fund assets as at 31 March 2012 is likely to be different from that shown due to estimation techniques.

Unfunded Benefits

We have excluded any unfunded benefits as these are liabilities of employers rather than the Pension Fund.

3. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Roll-Forward Approach

To assess the value of the Employer's liabilities as at 31 March 2012, we have rolled forward the value of the Employer's liabilities calculated for the Triennial valuation as 31 March 2010 allowing for the different financial assumptions required under IAS19.

The full actuarial valuation involved projecting future cashflows to be paid from the Fund and placing a value on them. These cashflows include pensions currently being paid to members of the Scheme as well as pensions (and lump sums) that may be payable in future to members of the Fund or their dependants. These pensions are linked to inflation and will normally be payable on retirement for the life of the member or a dependant following a member's death.

It is not possible to assess the accuracy of the estimated liability as at 31 March 2012 without completing a full valuation. However we are satisfied that the approach of rolling forward the previous valuation results to 31 March 2012 should not introduce any material distortions in the results provided that the actual experience of the Employer and the Fund has been broadly in line with the underlying assumptions, and that the structure of the liabilities is substantially the same as at the latest formal valuation. From the information we have received there appears no evidence that this approach is inappropriate.

Demographic/Statistical Assumptions

We have adopted a set of demographic assumptions that are consistent with those used for the formal funding valuation as at 31 March 2010. The post retirement mortality tables adopted were the S1PA Heavy tables allowing for medium cohort projection, with a minimum 1% improvement and a 90% scaling factor.

Life Expectancy from age 65 (years)	31 March 2012
Retiring Today	
Males	20.0
Females	24.0
Retiring in 20 years	
Males	22.0
Females	25.9

The assumed life expectations from age 65 are:

We have also made the following assumptions:

- Members will exchange half of their commutable pension for cash at retirement
- Active members will retire one year later than they are first able to do so without reduction

Financial Assumptions

The financial assumptions used for the purposes of the calculations are as follows.

Assumptions as at	31 March 2012		31 March 2011		31 March 2010	
	% p.a.	Real	% p.a.	Real	% p.a.	Real
RPI Increases	3.3%	-	3.5%	-	3.9%	-
CPI increases	2.5%	-0.8%	2.7%	-0.8%	n/a	
Salary Increases	4.7%	1.4%	5.0%	1.5%	5.4%	1.5%
Pension Increases	2.5%	-0.8%	2.7%	-0.8%	3.9%	-
Discount Rate	4.6%	1.3%	5.5%	1.9%	5.5%	1.5%

These assumptions are set with reference to market conditions at 31 March 2012. The discount rate is the yield on the iBoxx AA rated over 15 year corporate bond index as at this date which has been chosen to meet the requirements of IAS19. The RPI increase assumption is set based on the difference between conventional gilt yields and index-linked gilt yields at the accounting date using data published by the Bank of England. This measure has historically overestimated future increases in the RPI and so we have made a deduction of 0.25% to get the RPI assumption of 3.3%. As future pension increases are expected to be based on CPI rather than RPI, we have made a further assumption about CPI which is that it will be 0.8% below RPI i.e. 2.5%.

Salary increases are then assumed to be 1.4% above RPI in addition to a promotional scale. This is a slightly lower long-term assumption than last year to reflect the continuing climate of low salary increases.

4. Results and Disclosures

The results of our calculations for the year ended 31 March 2012 are set out in Appendix 1. We estimate that the net liability as at 31 March 2012 is a liability of £496,437,000.

In addition, Appendix 2 details a reconciliation of assets and liabilities during the year.

The figures in this report are presented only for the purposes of IAS 19. In particular, they are not relevant for calculations undertaken for funding purposes or for other statutory purposes under UK pensions legislation.

We would be pleased to answer any questions arising from this report.

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Graeme Muir FFA Partner

Alison Hamilton FFA Partner

Appendix 1. Balance Sheet Disclosure as at 31 March 2012

Net Pension Asset as a	it	31 Mar 2012 £000's	31 Mar 2011 £000's	31 Mar 2010 £000's
	Present Value of Funded Obligation	1,212,469	989,896	1,115,978
	Fair Value of Scheme Assets (bid value)	716,032	671,505	631,401
Net Liability		496,437	318,391	484,577

*Present Value of Funded Obligation consists of £1,004,212,000 in respect of Vested Obligation and £208,257,000 in respect of Non-Vested Obligation.

Appendix 2. Asset and Benefit Obligation Reconciliation for the Year to 31 March 2012

Reconciliation of opening & closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligation	Year to 31 March 2012 £000's	Year to 31 March 2011 £000's
Opening Defined Benefit Obligation	989,896	1,115,978
Service cost	35,286	37,356
Interest cost	54,528	61,703
Actuarial losses (gains)	163,238	(102,208)
Losses (gains) on curtailments	1,730	1,021
Liabilities extinguished on settlements	-	-
Liabilities assumed in a business combination	-	-
Estimated benefits paid net of transfers in	(44,242)	(35,669)
Past service cost	-	(98,564)
Contributions by Scheme participants	12,033	10,279
Unfunded pension payments	-	-
Closing Defined Benefit Obligation	1,212,469	989,896

Barnett Waddingham Public Sector Consulting

Reconciliation of opening & closing balances of the fair value of Scheme assets	Year to 31 March 2012 £000's	Year to 31 March 2011 £000's
Opening fair value of Scheme assets	671,505	631,401
Expected return on Scheme assets	43,845	40,891
Actuarial gains (losses)	(12,064)	(13,653)
Contributions by employer including unfunded	44,955	38,256
Contributions by Scheme participants	12,033	10,279
Assets acquired in a business combination	-	-
Estimated benefits paid net of transfers in and including unfunded	(44,242)	(35,669)
Receipt / (Payment) of bulk transfer value	-	-
Fair value of Scheme assets at end of period	716,032	671,505

	Year to	Year to 31 March 2011	
Reconciliation of opening & closing surplus	31 March 2012		
	£000's	£000's	
Surplus (Deficit) at beginning of the year	(318,391)	(484,577)	
Current Service Cost	(35,286)	(37,356)	
Employer Contributions	44,955	38,256	
Unfunded pension payments	-	-	
Past Service Costs	-	98,564	
Other Finance Income	(10,683)	(20,812)	
Settlements and Curtailments	(1,730)	(1,021)	
Actuarial gains (losses)	(175,302)	88,555	
Surplus (Deficit) at end of the year	(496,437)	(318,391)	

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